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DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

Security Committee



SECOM-M-264

23 February 1983

Minutes			
Two Hundred and Sixtieth Meeting Wednesday, 23 February 1983, 0900-1200 Hours			
Room 4E-64, Langley Headquarters Building			
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Chairman			
Presiding			
MEMBERS PRESENT			
Mr. Robert C. Allen, Department of the Navy			
Mr. Maynard Anderson, Office of Secretary of Defense			
Mr. Lloyd E. Dean, Federal Bureau of Investigation	051/4		
, USA, Defense Intelligence Agency Mr. John McNamara, Office of the Secretary of the Air Force	25X′		
National Security Agency	25X ²		
Col. Donald A. Press, Department of the Army			
Mr. Jerry Rubino, Department of Justice			
Mr. Dennis E. Southern, Department of the Treasury			
ALTERNATES PRESENT			
Lt. Col. Raymond E. Abel, Department of the Air Force			
Mr. Frank Dill, Department of the Army			
Mr. Dan Downum, Federal Bureau of Investigation			
Capt. William C. Horn, USA, Department of the Navy Mr. Louis C. Kachulis , Department of State			
Central Intelligence Agency	25X′		
Central Intelligence Agency			
ALSO PRESENT			
Defense Intelligence Agency	25X ²		
Central Intelligence Agency			
Mr. Frederick K. Crosher, Department of State			
Intelligence Community Staff	25X		
Central Intelligence Agency , National Security Agency	25X1		
Central Intelligence Agency	25X1X ²		
Mr. Peter Nelson, Office of the Secretary of verense			
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Central Intelligence Agency
Defense Intelligence Agency
Mr. Franklin Standifer, Department of Justice (DEA)
Mr. Donald Stigers, Department of State
Mr. Robert Wingfield, Department of Energy
Mr. Donald Paschal, Executive Secretary

SECOM Staff

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Preliminary Comments

The Chairman:

years in audio countermeasures and who had smoot recently been involved in computer security in connection with the SAFE project. COMSEC Division, CIA Office of Communications, as 25X a new observer. 25X nembers by observer. 25X new observer.		
computer security in connection with the SAFE project.	noted that was an old CIA associate who had spent many	25X ²
information to members in a manner which helped reduce the length of his preliminary comments. He said the first Chairman's Notes were in the mail to members. 25X 3. Noted that he had sent members copies of initial FY 1985 budget proposals from subcommittee chairmen, asking for responses ranking those proposals in priority order. 4. Reported on his 15 February meeting with the Industrial Security Morking Group (ISWG) at a cleared contractor facility in the area. Said he briefed ISWG members on the SECOM mission, structure, asking members at the lack of support SECOM has received for measures to deal with leaks. 5. Reminded members of the eighth running of the SCI Adjudicators Conference scheduled for the week of 7-11 March. Sold that he had scheduled a special SECOM meeting on Wednesday, 30 March 1983, to hear and discuss program presentations by the chairmen of the R&D Subcommittee and of the Security Advisory Group USSR. Noted that this was in response to interest in such other subcommittee presentations would not be scheduled until a need arises. 7. Advised that the scould not be scheduled until a need arises. 8. Noted that SECOM does not have a mechanism to staff the many issues that arise in physical and industrial security. 8. Noted that SECOM does not have a mechanism to staff the many issues that arise in physical and industrial security. 8. Noted that SECOM does not have a mechanism to staff the many issues that arise in physical and industrial security. 8. Noted that SECOM does not have a mechanism to staff the many issues that arise in physical and industrial security. 8. Noted that SECOM does not have a mechanism to staff the many issues that arise in physical security standards group, although it did not appear to be active. He stated that there might be interest in revitalizing that group. 1. Tasked mambers to provide him comments on the staff that there might be interest in revitalizing that group.	computer security in connection with the SAFE projectalso introducedCOMSEC Division, CIA Office of Communications, as	25X1 25X1 25X1
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ITEM I DCID 1/14 Revision

Personnel Security Subcommittee with the proposed draft revision of DCID 1/14. He advised that Mr. Elder, NFIB/NFIC Executive Secretary, had agreed to leave the DCID 1/14 designation intact in order to help ensure continuity of understanding in appeals and litigation concerning them. Said the 25% two basic issues were scope of coverage and language on the polygraph. Mr. Anderson discussed his proposal for reducing the 15-year scope to a	Χ´
standing in appeals and litigation concerning them	
Mr. Anderson discussed his proposal for reducing the 15-year scope to a	
10-year requirement. He said Defense had done several studies on the subject, the most recent one in July-August 1982, with results summarized in his 22 September memo. He advised that Defense would begin its periodic reinvestigation program on 1 April 1983. Mr. Anderson said the balance of resources between initial and update investigations is a DoD concern. DoD's experience is that recent activities and behavior are most influential in guiding adjudications - not old conduct or involvement. He said DoD plans to extend SCI investigative standards to Top Secret clearances beginning on 1 January 1984. He stated that most of their investigations requiring extended scope coverage (e.g., more than 10 years) were on contractor personnel. Stated 25) that reducing scope from 15 to 10 years would result in an estimated reduction of from 3 to 4 leads per investigation. Mr. Anderson noted that states and cities now charge the federal government to perform local agency checks (LAC), and reduction in scope would free resources to help meet these new costs. He advised that Defense has already reprogrammed Defense Investigative Service funds to apply "savings" from scope reduction to meet LAC costs. Mr. Anderson noted that Defense does from 10 to 12 thousand DCID 1/14 investigations on contractors per year. Said CIA does about Such investigations on such investigations per year, and commented that he did not believe coverage for the 10 to 15-year period cost significantly.	Χ´
that the basic DCID revision was voted on by SECOM in December 1981. The new text inserts Community-agreed definitions from the revision of DCID 1/19 and changes terminology from SIOs to SOICs. He summarized alternative language on the polygraph and technical changes proposed by the CIA Office of General Counsel. addressed the OGC changes. Mr. Anderson guestioned the	
addition or "juagment" to the criteria in paragraph 6a governing eligiblity for SCI access. He said he thought it was more of a suitability that a security teststated that the intent of the addition was tostated that the intent of the addition was tostated that the jovernment's case in	X1
appeals of access denials. Mr. Rubino cited a recent case in Justice in which they denied an access based on poor judgment. Mr. Anderson receded from his concern, and members agreed to the addition. Mr. Anderson next questioned the change to paragraph 16 which would expand a sentence to read: "any doubt concerning personnel having access to SCI shall be resolved in favor of the National security and the access shall be denied." He stated that access is not always denied if operational requirements are deemed compelling by a commander. He said he could accept "should" in place of "shall," but would prefer that the change not be made. said he had no problem with 25X1 "should" and suggested that the change also add the words "or revoked." All agreed to add the words "and the access should be denied or revoked." After	

discussion, all agreed to a suggested change to paragraph 4d of Annex B which	
would limit to 30 days the period during which a subject could appeal a denial	0EV4
reaffirmation suggested another change - to paragraph 19 of the proposed DCID which would require subjects to report issues of security	25X1
significance and which would remove the potential for subjects to contend that	
an agency's failure to have in effect a security education program relieved	
them of the obligation to report such issues. After discussion, members agreed to this change, which would relocate the first sentence of 19a as a new	
subparagraph 19b (renumbering later elements), and reword the balance of 19a	
to read: "Individuals are required to inform the department or agency which	
granted their SCI access about any personal problem or situation which may	
have a possible bearing on their eligibility for continued access to SCI, and to seek appropriate guidance and assistance. Security counseling should be	
made available. This counseling should be conducted by individuals having	
extensive background and experience regarding the nature and special vulnera-	0EV4
bilities of the particular type of compartmented information involved."	25X1
asked for consideration of language on the polygraph to	25X1
be inserted in the DCID. Members discussed, amended and agreed to a proposed	
new paragraph at the end of the DCID reading "In departments or agencies with policies sanctioning the use of the polygraph for personnel security purposes,	
polygraph examinations may be authorized in conjunction with access to SCI."	
Discussion then moved to a proposed expansion of investigative criteria (para-	
graph 11m of the DCID) to state similar language. Mr. Anderson said Defense could accept only one mention of the polygraph in the DCID in the interest of	
avoiding undue political controversy. Members then agreed not to insert the	
new paragraph above and to include the alternative version of paragraph 11m	
recommended by the Personnel Security Subcommittee.	25X1
asked members to address the scope issue. Mr. Wingfield	25X1
said Energy strongly supported the 15-year scope because of the sensitivity of	
nuclear weapons data. Mr. Dean said the FBI supported 15-year scope because it had proved its worth in the past spoke in favor of it as a good	25X1
means of maintaining a distinction in litigation on access denials between SCI	207(1
access criteria and Top Secret clearance standards. Mr. Anderson said Defense	
had been criticized because their past standards for Top Secret clearances had	. 11
been so much lower than those for SCI access. He said they needed the "savings from lower scope to free resources needed to bring Top Secret investigative	5''
standards up to the level of SCI ones. said he was persuaded that	25X1
the overall Defense proposal would have the net effect of improving security,	0574
particularly with regard to reinvestigations. expressed his concern that future budget cuts could easily delete the "quid" for the "quo"	25X1
resulting from scope reduction "savings." y stated his support	25X1
for the 15-year scope. put the Defense proposal to a	25X1
vote. It failed by a vote of 6 to 7 (voting yes - OSD, DIA, Army, Navy, Air Force, NSA; voting no - CIA, State, SAFSS, Treasury, Energy, FBI,	
Justice). asked Mr. Anderson to prepare a written dissent to	25X1
accompany Submission of the draft DCID to the DCI for decision	25X1

5

Members then addressed specific points of concern in the draft:

- paragraph 6b(1) -- Mr. Dean asked that the term "cohabitant" be defined if it had other than the dictionary meaning. He withdrew his concern upon being assured that it did have that meaning. Mr. Kachulis questioned the likelihood of the government prevailing in litigation over the requirement that a candidate for SCI access and his immediate family be U. S. citizens. It was commented that this concern is specualtive in the absence of an actual case, and the matter was dropped.
- paragraph 11d -- Mr. Dean asked why the standard for credit checks had been changed from 5 to 7-year coverage. Mr. Anderson replied that Credit Bureaus automatically provide 7-year coverage on reports, and that this change simply recognized that. Members reaffirmed this change.
- paragraph 11j -- after discussion, members agreed to change the first part of the sentence requiring checks of overseas duty, etc., to read: "When employment, education or residence has occurred in foreign countries...."

 paragraph 12 after discussion, members agreed to accept the draft language which provides flexibility on investigative checks 	
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then asked for a vote on the overall draft DCID. All	25X1
members concurred subject to inclusion of a footnote stating the minority position on scope of investigative coverage.	25X1
ITEM 2 DCID 1/16 Revision	
noted that copies of the draft had been sent to members, and that additional copies were at their places. He listed conceptual issues needing consideration:	25X1

 Purpose -- should the draft include a definition and statement of objectives of computer security?

- Exemptions -- are the draft ones so broad as to be inconsistent with the concept of standards? Are they "exemptions" or temporary relief from full compliance? Or is "equivalent compliance" still required?
- Accrediting authority -- the draft cites NFIB members; all other current SECOM policy uses the term "Senior Officials of the Intelligence Community" to designate persons with authority to make management decisions on security issues. A decision is needed on terminology. Mr. Busic wants to retain NFIB members.

6

- Communications applications -- there is a need to draw a recognizable and acceptable line between security requirements and NCSC authority for COMSEC matters, or to find a way to accommodate both.
- Networking -- are systems and networks sufficiently and appropriately defined in the draft? How long will those definitions survive in the rapidly changing environment? The third agency rule does not seem to be accommodated in the draft.
- Modes of operation -- do those stated in the draft provide logical and adequate separation? What is the real difference between "multiple" and "concatenated"?
- Classification -- should the document be classified? At what level?
- Proposed fourth level of classification -- if the IG/CM initiative to establish a fourth level is approved, the draft will need to address how to handle data classified at that level.

said members undoubtedly had other conceptual issues of concern. He noted that our purpose in this meeting is to identify the prin-	25X1
cipal issues, discuss them, and determine the consensus of members so the subcommittee and staff can be properly guided in refining the draft.	25 X 1
Mr. Busic said had addressed all major issues except scope of coverage; i.e., should the draft cover all intelligence data or	25X1
on scope, communications applications, and a number of other issues. He asked for guidance to the subcommittee, particularly on the scope issue. Mr. Anderson referred to his 22 February memo to the SECOM Chairman (copies distributed at this meeting) which, among other things, recommends limiting the scope of the revised DCID 1/6 to SCI. Mr. Rubino asked what guidance was in effect on communications security aspects of networked systems.	25X1
Mr. Anderson said he had heard that the NCSC Systems Network Group planned to address that subject. diagrammed a hypothetical computer network system to illustrate his contention that new problems beyond the scope of traditional COMSEC are created by networks and need to be dealt with.	25X1
cited the need to address two parallel systems of security - one for encryption control and emanations (NCSC jurisdiction); the other for data control and physical, procedural and personnel security (SECOM jurisdiction with regard to intelligence). He stated that an agreement between	25X1
SECOM and NCSC is needed to demarcate responsibilities. said he thought waivers would be needed if the NCSC put out guidance on the whole network subject area. He added that there was a potential in this area for one agency to seek to verify another agency's compliance with guidance	25X1
through demanding the right to inspect the other agency. cited the new electronic telephone system as another area in which technology was blurring previously understood jurisdictional divisions between	25X1
NCSC and SECOM. spoke in favor of limiting the DCID revision to SCI	25X1

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DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE

Security Committee

1 March 1983

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JANUARY 1983

Date	Group	Time	Place
17 18 18 20 21 26 26 27	Security Awareness Computer Security UDIS TSCS R&D Audio Countermeasures WG SECOM Computer Security TSP	All Day 9:30 10:00 10:00 13:30 10:00 10:00	NSA Jefferson 7D32 Hqs Jefferson Ames Jefferson 4E64 Hqs
	February	1983	
Date	Group	Time	Place
8 9 16 16,17,& 18 17 22 22 23	UDIS Survey Panel ACWG Personnel Security R&D Computer Security ACWG SECOM	10:00 10:00 All Day 1:30 09:30 10:00 9:00	7D-32 Bolling AFB Westmate Jefferson Jefferson Westgate 4E64 CIA Hqs
	March 1	983	
Date	Group	Time	Place
10	TSCS	10:00	Westgate
14	SASC	All Day	FBI Academy
23	ACWG	09:30	Westgate
23	SECOM	10:00	4E64 CIA Hqs
24	R&D	1:30	Ames

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